DIABETES MEDICAL MANAGEMENT PLAN (School Year)						
Student's Name:	Date of Birth:	Diabetes Type 1:	☐ Type 2 Date o	of Diagnosis :		
School Name:	Grade	Homeroom	Plan Effective	e Date(s):		
	CONTAC	T INFORMATION				
Parent/Guardian #1:	Phone Numbers	HomeWo	ork	Cell/Pager		
Parent/Guardian #2:	Phone Numbers	Home Wo	ork	Cell/Pager		
Diabetes Healthcare Provider	Phone Number					
Other Emergency Contact	Relationship	Phone Numbers home	V	Vork/Cell/Pager		
 EMERGENCY NOTIFICATION: Notify parents of the following conditions (If unable to reach parents, call Diabetes Healthcare Provider listed above) a. Loss of consciousness or seizure (convulsion) immediately after Glucagon given and 911 called. b. Blood sugars in excess of mg/dl c. Positive urine ketones. d. Abdominal pain, nausea/vomiting, diarrhea, fever, altered breathing, or altered level of connsciousness. 						
MEALS/SNACKS: Student can: D Determine correct po	rtions and number of ca	rbohydrate serving D (Calculate carbohyd	rate grams accurately		
	and Amount		cation F	ood Content and Amount		
□ Midmorning □ Lunch						
If outside food for party or food sampling provided to						
BLOOD GLUCOSE MONITORING AT SCHOOL: Yes		Type of Mete	er:			
If yes, can student ordinarily perform own blood glucose checks?						
·	•					
OPTIONAL: Target Range for blood glucose: mg/dl to (Completed by Diabetes Healthcare Provider). INSULIN INJECTIONS DURING SCHOOL: See No Parent/Guardian elects to give insulin needed at school						
If yes, can student: Determine correct dose?						
Calculate insulin dose for carbohydrate intake: \Box Y	es □ No	Correction dose	of insulin for hig	gh blood sugar: ☐ Yes ☐ No		
If yes, use: ☐ Regular ☐ Humalog ☐ Novolog		If yes: ☐ Regul	If yes: ☐ Regular ☐ Humalog ☐ Novolog Time to be given			
# unit(s) pergrams Carboh	ydrate	Use Formula: (BG-	·)/	= Units of insulin		
□Add carbohydrate dose to correction dose		If student uses a s	liding scale pleas	e attach to DMMP.		
OTHER ROUTINE DIABETES MEDICATIONS AT SCHOOL	OL: □ Yes □ No		<u> </u>			
Name of Medication	Dose	Time	Route	Possible Side Effects		
EXERCISE, SPORTS, AND FIELD TRIPS Blood glucose monitoring and snacks as above. Quick access to sugar-free liquids, fast-acting carbohydrates, snacks, and monitoring equipment. A fast-acting carbohydrate such asshould be available at the site. Child should not exercise if blood glucose level is below mg/dl OR if						
SUPPLIES TO BE FURNISHED/RESTOCKED BY PAREN	T/GUARDIAN: (Agree	ed-upon locations noted o	on emergency ca	rd/nursing care plan)		
□ Blood glucose meter/strips/lancets/lancing device □ Fast-acting carbohydrate □ Insulin vials/syringe						
· .	☐ Carbohydrate-containing snacks ☐ Insulin pen/pen needles/cartridges					
□ Sharps container for classroom □ Carbohydrate free beverage/snack □ Glucagon Emergency Kit						
504 TESTING PERAMATERS:						
Blood Glucose should be between and for school tests.						

MANAGEMENT OF HIGH BLOOD GLUCOSE (overmg/dl)				
Increased thirst, urination, appetite Itiredness/sleepiness Blurred vision Warm, dry, or flushed skin Other	Indicate treatment choices: Sugar-free fluids as tolerated mg/dl Check urine ketones if blood glucose over Notify parent if urine ketones positive. May not need snack: call parent See "Insulin Injections: Correction Dose of Insulin for High Blood Glucose"			
MANAGEMENT OF VERY HIGH BLOOD GLUCOSE (over m	ng/dl)			
Usual signs/symptoms for this student Nausea/vomiting Abdominal pain Rapid, shallow breathing Extreme thirst Weakness/muscle aches Fruity breath odor Other	Indicate treatment choices: Carbohydrate-free fluids if tolerated Check urine for ketones Notify parents per "Emergency Notification" section If unable to reach parents, call diabetes care provider Frequent bathroom privileges Stay with student and document changes in status Delay exercise.			
U Other	☐ Other			
MANAGEMENT OF LOW BLOOD GLUCOSE (below mg/dl				
Usual signs/symptoms for this child Hunger Change in personality/behavior Paleness Weakness/shakiness Tiredness/sleepiness Dizziness/staggering Headache Rapid heartbeat Nausea/loss of appetite Clamminess/sweating Blurred vision Inattention/confusion Slurred speech Loss of consciousness Seizure Other	Indicate treatment choices: If student is awake and able to swallow, Givegrams fast-acting carbohydrate such as: 4oz. Fruit juice or non-diet soda or 3-4 glucose tablets or Concentrated gel or tube frosting or 8 oz. Milk or Other Retest BG 10-15minut.es after treatment Repeat treatment until blood glucose over 80mg/dl Follow treatment with snack of if more than 1 hour till next meal/snack or if going to activity Other			
IMPORTANT!! If student is unconscious or having a seizure, presume the student is having a low blood glucose and: Call 911 immediately and notify parents.				
 ☐ Glucagon 1/2 mg or 1 mg (circle desired dose) should be given by trained personnel. ☐ Glucose gel 1 tube can be administered inside cheek and massaged from outside while awaiting or during administration of Glucagon by staff member at scene. ☐ Glucagon/Glucose gel could be used if student has documented low blood sugar and is vomiting or unable to swallow. Student should be turned on his/her side and maintained in this "recovery" position till fully awake". 				
SIGNATURES				
I/we understand that all treatments and procedures may be performed by the student and/or trained unlicensed assistive personnel within the school or by EMS in the event of loss of consciousness or seizure. I also understand that the school is not responsible for damage, loss of equipment, or expenses utilized in these treatments and procedures. I have reviewed this information sheet and agree with the indicated instructions. This form will assist the school health personnel in developing a nursing care plan.				
Parent's Signature:	Date			
Physician's Signature	Date			
School Nurse's Signature	Date			
School Nurse's Signature: Date This document follows the guiding principles outlined by the American Diabetes Association Revised December 5, 2003				